GDA DIVERSIFIED PROPERTY TRUST ARSN: 108 321 651 **FINANCIAL REPORT** FOR THE YEAR ENDED **30 JUNE 2022**

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors of GDA Securities Ltd (ABN 58 105 612 600), the Responsible Entity of the GDA Diversified Property Trust ('the Trust'), present their report for the Trust for the year ended 30 June 2022. In order to comply with provisions of the Corporations Act 2001, the Directors' report as follows:

Directors

The Directors of the Responsible Entity who, unless otherwise stated, have been in office from the beginning of the year and until the date of this report are:

Mr John Fairlie

Mr Jason Hutton (appointed 3 February 2022; resigned 16 May 2022)

Mr Giovanni Di Monda

Mr Malcolm Penglase (resigned 10 March 2022)

Mrs Helen Cowhan

Mr Rodney Parker

Mr Bernard Smith

Mr Allistair Lindsay

Trust Information

The Trust is an Australian Registered Scheme. GDA Securities Ltd, the Responsible Entity of the Trust, is incorporated and domiciled in Australia. The registered office of the Responsible Entity is located at Level 2, 94 Liverpool Street, Hobart, TAS 7000.

Principal Activity

The principal activity of the Trust during the year was the investment of Unit Holders' funds in accordance with the Trust Constitution. There has been no significant change in the nature of this activity during the year.

Review of Results and Operations

The results of the operations of the Trust are disclosed in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income of the financial report. The Trust derived an operating profit for the year calculated in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ('IFRS') of \$7,163,618 (2021: \$4,402,257).

The increase in operating profit was primarily driven by the revaluation of all properties within the portfolio during the year which resulted in unrealised net gains of \$6,313,170 (2021: \$2,435,306).

Distributions

Distributions were paid for the full 2022 financial year. The net distributions for the Trust for the year ended 30 June 2022 were \$2,503,449 (2021: \$1,904,558) which equates to a distribution rate of 6.3257 cents per unit (2021: 6.1864 cents per unit).

Distributions will continue to be reviewed by the Board of Directors with the level of distributions to be determined by the Trust's ongoing performance.

Significant Changes in the State of Affairs

There have been no significant changes in the State of Affairs of the Trust during the financial year.

Significant Events after the Balance Date

There were no significant events after the Balance Date.

Future Developments

To the best of the directors knowledge, there are no other anticipated changes in the operations of the Trust which would have a material impact on the future results of the Trust. Property valuation changes, movements in the fair value of financial instruments and movements in interest rates may have a material impact on the Trust's results in future years. However, these cannot be reliably estimated at the date of this report.

Further information on likely developments in the operations of the Trust and the expected results of operations have not been included in this financial report because the Responsible Entity believes it would be likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Trust.

Environmental Regulations and Performance

The operations of the Trust are not subject to a particular and significant environmental regulation under a law of the Commonwealth or of a State or Territory.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

Relevant Information

Following is a list of relevant information required under the Corporations Act 2001:

- The value of the Trust's assets as at the end of the financial year is disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position as "Total Assets" and the basis of valuation is included in Note 1.
- Fees paid to the Responsible Entity; refer to Note 6 to the Financial Statements.
- No Units were issued to the Responsible Entity during the current financial year; refer to Note 6 to the Financial Statements.
- The Responsible Entity does not hold any units in the Trust; refer to Note 6 to the Financial Statements.
- The number of units in the Trust as at 30 June 2022 and the number of units issued and withdrawn during the year; refer to Note 17 to the Financial Statements.

Options Granted

No options were:

- i. Granted over unissued units in the Trust during or since the end of the financial year; or
- ii. Granted to the Responsible Entity.

No unissued units in the Trust were under option as at the date on which this report is made.

No units were issued in the Trust during or since the end of the financial year as a result of the exercise of an option over unissued units in the Trust.

Indemnification and Insurance of Directors, Officers and Auditors

During the financial year, the Trust paid a premium in respect of a contract ensuring the directors, the company secretary and all executive officers of the Responsible Entity, against a liability incurred as such a director, secretary or executive officer to the extent permitted by the Corporations Act 2001. The contract of insurance prohibits disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium.

The Trust has not otherwise, during or since the financial year, indemnified or agreed to indemnify an officer or auditor of the Trust against a liability incurred as such an officer or auditor.

Auditor's Independence Declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001, is set out on page 4 of this financial report.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors of GDA Securities Ltd made pursuant to s298(2) of the Corporations Act 2001:

On behalf of the Directors of the Responsible Entity, GDA Securities Ltd.

Helen Cowhan

Director

Dated this 19th day of September 2022



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Level 8, 85 Macquarie St Hobart TAS 7000 GPO Box 1681 Hobart TAS 7001 Australia

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE BY DAVID E PALMER TO THE DIRECTORS OF THE RESPONSIBLE ENTITY OF GDA DIVERSIFIED PROPERTY TRUST

As lead auditor of GDA Diversified Property Trust for the year ended 30 June 2022, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- 1. No contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- 2. No contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of GDA Diversified Property Trust.

DAVID E PALMER

Partner

BDO Audit (TAS)

Hobart, 19th September 2022

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

	N	2022	2021
Personne	Note	\$	\$
Revenue Revenue from Property Pontal	3	4,147,746	3,972,556
Revenue from Property Rental Property Expenses	3 4	(250,915)	(162,181)
Gross Profit on Property Income	4	3,896,831	3.810.375
Cross Front on Froporty moonie		0,000,001	0,010,010
Other Revenue and Income			
Gain/(Loss) on Revaluation of Investment Property		6,313,170	2,435,306
Distribution Income		108,315	-
Interest Income		1,816	944
		6,423,301	2,436,250
Total Revenue and Other Income		10,320,132	6,246,625
Expenses			
Management Fees		1,353,298	773,834
Direct Expenses	7	678,268	446,173
Loss/(Gain) on Revaluation of Investments		374,135	1,237
		2,405,701	1,221,244
Finance Expenses			
Interest Expense and Bank Charges		750,813	623,124
		750,813	623,124
Total Expenses		3,156,514	1,844,368
Net Profit attributable to Unit Holders		7,163,618	4,402,257
Other Comprehensive Income			
Other Comprehensive Income for the period		-	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the Year		7,163,618	4,402,257

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2022

	Note	2022 \$	2021 \$
Current Assets	10(-)	2 240 504	C 077 000
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables	19(a) 9	3,249,584	6,877,888
Investments	9 11	251,239 1,876,561	493,419 1,002,789
Other Current Assets	10	86,094	49,210
Total Current Assets	10	5,463,478	8,423,306
Total Guilent Assets		3,403,476	0,423,300
Non Current Assets			
Investment Property	12	73,570,408	55,439,872
Other Non Current Assets	_	54,611	-
Total Non Current Assets	_	73,625,019	55,439,872
Total Assets		79,088,497	63,863,178
Current Liabilities			
Payables	13	929,904	552,627
Distributions Payable	14	660,787	523,422
Other Current Liabilities	15	89,270	415,746
Total Current Liabilties	-	1,679,961	1,491,795
Non Current Liabilities			
Interest Bearing Liabilities	16	26,966,618	26,705,201
Total Non Current Liabilities	-	26,966,618	26,705,201
Total Non Garrent Liabiliaes		20,000,010	20,700,201
Total Liabilities		28,646,579	28,196,996
Net Assets	-	50,441,918	35,666,182
Familie			
Equity Units On Issue		42,787,003	32,671,436
Retained Earnings		7,654,915	2,994,746
Total Equity	17	50,441,918	35,666,182

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

Note Capital Losses Total S S				Retainined Earnings	
Note \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$			Unit Holders	-	
Balance at 1 July 2020 26,539,861 497,047 27,036,908 Total Comprehensive Income for the Period 4,402,257 4,402,257 Transactions with Unit Holders in their capacity as Unit Holders Issue of Units Redemption of Units (533,555) Payment of Distributions Ralance at 30 June 2021 6,665,130 - 6,665,130 Balance at 30 June 2021 32,671,436 2,994,746 35,666,182 Total Comprehensive Income for the Period 7,163,618 7,163,618 Transactions with Unit Holders in their capacity as Unit Holders Issue of Units Issue of Units Redemption of Units Payment of Distributions 12,107,432 - 12,107,432 Redemption of Units Payment of Distributions (1,991,865) - (1,991,865) Payment of Distributions 8 - (2,503,449) (2,503,449)			Capital	Losses)	Total
Total Comprehensive Income for the Period 4,402,257 4,402,257 Transactions with Unit Holders in their capacity as Unit Holders 6,665,130 - 6,665,130 Issue of Units (533,555) - (533,555) Redemption of Units Payment of Distributions 8 (1,904,558) (1,904,558) Balance at 30 June 2021 32,671,436 2,994,746 35,666,182 Balance at 1 July 2021 32,671,436 2,994,746 35,666,182 Total Comprehensive Income for the Period 7,163,618 7,163,618 Transactions with Unit Holders in their capacity as Unit Holders 12,107,432 - 12,107,432 Issue of Units 12,107,432 - 12,107,432 Redemption of Units (1,991,865) - (1,991,865) Payment of Distributions 8 - (2,503,449) (2,503,449)		Note	\$	\$	\$
Transactions with Unit Holders in their capacity as Unit Holders Issue of Units Redemption of Units Payment of Distributions Balance at 30 June 2021 Balance at 1 July 2021 Total Comprehensive Income for the Period Transactions with Unit Holders in their capacity as Unit Holders Issue of Units Redemption of Units Payment of Distributions Transactions with Unit Holders in their capacity as Unit Holders Issue of Units Iss	Balance at 1 July 2020	_	26,539,861	497,047	27,036,908
Unit Holders 6,665,130 - 6,665,130 Redemption of Units (533,555) - (533,555) Payment of Distributions 8 (1,904,558) (1,904,558) Balance at 30 June 2021 32,671,436 2,994,746 35,666,182 Balance at 1 July 2021 32,671,436 2,994,746 35,666,182 Total Comprehensive Income for the Period 7,163,618 7,163,618 Transactions with Unit Holders in their capacity as Unit Holders Unit Holders 12,107,432 - 12,107,432 Issue of Units 12,107,432 - 12,107,432 - (1,991,865) Redemption of Units (1,991,865) - (1,991,865) Payment of Distributions 8 - (2,503,449) (2,503,449)	Total Comprehensive Income for the Period	-		4,402,257	4,402,257
Redemption of Units (533,555) - (533,555)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Payment of Distributions 8 (1,904,558) (1,904,558) Balance at 30 June 2021 32,671,436 2,994,746 35,666,182 Balance at 1 July 2021 32,671,436 2,994,746 35,666,182 Total Comprehensive Income for the Period 7,163,618 7,163,618 Transactions with Unit Holders in their capacity as Unit Holders 12,107,432 - 12,107,432 Issue of Units 12,107,432 - 12,107,432 Redemption of Units (1,991,865) - (1,991,865) Payment of Distributions 8 - (2,503,449) (2,503,449)	Issue of Units		6,665,130	-	6,665,130
Balance at 30 June 2021 32,671,436 2,994,746 35,666,182 Balance at 1 July 2021 32,671,436 2,994,746 35,666,182 Total Comprehensive Income for the Period 7,163,618 7,163,618 Transactions with Unit Holders in their capacity as Unit Holders 12,107,432 - 12,107,432 Issue of Units 12,107,432 - 12,107,432 Redemption of Units (1,991,865) - (1,991,865) Payment of Distributions 8 - (2,503,449) (2,503,449)	Redemption of Units		(533,555)	-	(533,555)
Balance at 1 July 2021 32,671,436 2,994,746 35,666,182 Total Comprehensive Income for the Period 7,163,618 7,163,618 Transactions with Unit Holders in their capacity as Unit Holders Issue of Units 12,107,432 - 12,107,432 Redemption of Units (1,991,865) - (1,991,865) Payment of Distributions 8 - (2,503,449)	Payment of Distributions	8		(1,904,558)	(1,904,558)
Total Comprehensive Income for the Period 7,163,618 7,163,618 Transactions with Unit Holders in their capacity as Unit Holders 12,107,432 - 12,107,432 Issue of Units 12,107,432 - (1,991,865) Redemption of Units (1,991,865) - (2,503,449) Payment of Distributions 8 - (2,503,449) (2,503,449)	Balance at 30 June 2021	-	32,671,436	2,994,746	35,666,182
Total Comprehensive Income for the Period 7,163,618 7,163,618 Transactions with Unit Holders in their capacity as Unit Holders 12,107,432 - 12,107,432 Issue of Units 12,107,432 - (1,991,865) Redemption of Units (1,991,865) - (2,503,449) Payment of Distributions 8 - (2,503,449) (2,503,449)					
Transactions with Unit Holders in their capacity as Unit Holders Issue of Units Redemption of Units Payment of Distributions 12,107,432 (1,991,865) (1,991,865) (2,503,449)	Balance at 1 July 2021		32,671,436	2,994,746	35,666,182
Unit Holders 12,107,432 - 12,107,432 Issue of Units 12,107,432 - 12,107,432 Redemption of Units (1,991,865) - (1,991,865) Payment of Distributions 8 - (2,503,449) (2,503,449)	Total Comprehensive Income for the Period	-		7,163,618	7,163,618
Redemption of Units (1,991,865) - (1,991,865) Payment of Distributions 8 - (2,503,449) (2,503,449)	•				
Payment of Distributions 8 - (2,503,449) (2,503,449)	Issue of Units		12,107,432	-	12,107,432
	Redemption of Units		(1,991,865)	-	(1,991,865)
Balance at 30 June 2022 42,787,003 7,654,915 50,441,918	Payment of Distributions	8	-	(2,503,449)	(2,503,449)
	Balance at 30 June 2022		42,787,003	7,654,915	50,441,918

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

Note	2022 \$	2021 \$
Cash flows from operating activities		
Rental Receipts	4,589,770	4,373,959
Payments to Suppliers	(2,247,248)	(1,634,870)
Interest Received	1,816	1,348
Interest and Other Costs of Finance Paid	(719,504)	(607,477)
Other Income Received	79,384	-
Net cash provided by/(used in) Operating Activities 19 (b)		2,132,960
Cash flows from investing activities		
Payment for Investments	(1,247,907)	(1,004,026)
Payment for Investment Properties	(11,856,864)	(1,864)
Receipt of Bond	26,352	· -
Payment for Investment Property Improvements	(51,533)	(338,720)
Net cash (used in)/provided by Investing Activities	(13,129,952)	(1,344,610)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Receipts from Issue of Units	11,907,432	6,665,130
Receipts for new Units to be Issued	-	200,000
Payments for Redemption of Units	(1,991,865)	(533,555)
Proceeds from Borrowings	6,553,750	-
Repayment of Borrowings	(6,300,000)	-
Transaction Costs Paid	(5,803)	-
Distributions paid to ordinary Unit Holders	(2,366,084)	(1,780,692)
Net cash (used in)/provided by Financing Activities	7,797,430	4,550,883
Net (decrease)/increase in cash & cash equivalents	(3,628,304)	5,339,233
Cash & cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year	6,877,888	1,538,655
Cash & cash equivalents at the end of the financial year 19 (a)	3,249,584	6,877,888

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

NOTE 1: Summary of Accounting Policies

Statement of compliance

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, the Corporations Act 2001 and the terms of the Trust Constitution. The financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

Basis of preparation

The entity is a for-profit entity for the purposes of preparing these financial statements. The financial report has been prepared on the basis of historical cost, except for certain assets which, as noted, are at fair value. Cost is based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets. All amounts are presented in Australian dollars, unless otherwise stated. The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Directors on 19th September 2022.

Accounting policies are selected and applied in a manner which ensures that the resulting financial information satisfies the concepts of relevance and reliability, thereby ensuring that the substance of the underlying transactions or other events is reported.

The accounting policies set out below have been applied in preparing the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2022 and the comparative information presented in these financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2021.

Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Trust's accounting policies, management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. This includes the impact of COVID-19 which has given rise to many significant uncertainties, including the length of time and severity of the impact of COVID-19, how effective the measures taken to control its spread will be, and how quickly activities might return to more normal conditions once the pandemic is over. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities.

Investment property values

Investment properties are carried at their fair value. Valuations are based on either an independent valuation or a Directors' valuation at each reporting date. Valuations are determined based on assessments and estimates of uncertain future events, including upturns and downturns in property markets and availability of similar properties, vacancy rates, market rents and capitalisation and discount rates. Refer to Note 12 and Note 20 for further information regarding investment property valuations.

Significant Accounting Policies

The following significant accounting policies have been adopted in the preparation and presentation of the financial report. The accounting policies have been consistently applied, unless otherwise stated.

a. Applications

Applications received for units in the Scheme are recorded net of any entry fees (if applicable) payable prior to the issue of units in the Trust.

Application Price of units issued pursuant to an offer made via a Product Disclosure Statement

The application price of units issued pursuant to an offer made via a Product Disclosure Statement will be calculated in accordance with the Constitution, being the price at which a unit the subject of an application is issued, being the amount calculated as at the valuation time before the date the application for units is made as determined by the Responsible Entity as representing the Net Asset Value divided by the units in issue plus the estimated transaction costs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022 (Continued)

NOTE 1: Summary of Accounting Policies (cont.)

a. Applications (cont.)

Application Price of units issued pursuant to an offer made via a Distribution Reinvestment Plan

The application price of units issued pursuant to an offer made via a Distribution Reinvestment Plan shall be the lesser of:

- a) the price at which units are offered in the Product Disclosure Statement as at the distribution payment date; and
- b) the application price of a unit calculated in accordance with the Constitution, being the price at which a unit the subject of an application is issued, being the amount calculated as at the valuation time before the date the application for units is made as determined by the Responsible Entity as representing the Net Asset Value divided by the units in issue plus the estimated transaction costs.

b. Borrowings

Borrowings are recorded initially at fair value, net of transaction costs. Loan establishment costs include application fees, loan stamp duty, legal fees, and costs associated with fixing and capping the interest rates. Subsequent to initial recognition, borrowings are measured at amortised cost with any difference between the initial recognised amount and the redemption value being recognised in profit and loss over the period of the borrowing using the effective interest rate method

c. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position.

d. Depreciation

The Trust's land and buildings, which are held at fair value, have the function of an investment and are classified as an investment property (refer Note 1k). In accordance with Accounting Standards, investment properties are not subject to depreciation. Accordingly the investment properties are not depreciated. Taxation allowances for the depreciation of buildings and plant and equipment, that are classified as investment properties, are claimed by the Trust and contributed to the tax deferred components of the distribution.

e. Equity Instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity Instruments issued by the Trust are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

f. Financial Assets

Loans and Receivables

The Trust has applied the simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses, which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on days overdue. The impairment provision takes into account historical collection rates and forward-looking information that is available.

g. Financial Instruments

Debt and Equity Instruments

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement.

Transaction Costs on the Issue of Units

Transaction costs arising on the issue of Units are recognised directly against equity as a reduction of the proceeds of the Units to which the costs relate. Transaction costs are the costs that are incurred directly in connection with the issue of those Units and which would not have been incurred had the Units not been issued.

Interest and Distributions

Interest and distributions are classified as expenses or as distributions of profit consistent with the Statement of Financial Position classification of the related debt or equity instrument.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022 (Continued)

NOTE 1: Summary of Accounting Policies (cont.)

h. Goods and Services Tax ('GST')

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax, except:

- i. where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority, it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of an asset or as part of an item of expense; or
- ii. for receivables and payables which are recognised inclusive of GST.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis. The GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is classified as operating cash flows.

i. Impairment of Assets

At each reporting date, the Trust reviews the carrying amounts of its assets to determine whether those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss in the year that it is determined.

j. Income Tax

Under current income tax legislation, the Trust is not liable to pay income tax provided its taxable income (including assessable realised capital gains) is fully distributed to Unit Holders, by way of cash or reinvestment.

k. Investment Property

Investment property, which is property (including integral plant and equipment) held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, is measured initially at its cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment property is measured at fair value. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment property are included in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

The Trust's property investments are revalued to fair value by independent valuers on a progressive basis. These revaluations are based on fair values which represent the price at which the property investments could be sold at the date of revaluation assuming reasonable exposure to the market and a reasonable settlement period. Valuation processes for Level 3 fair values are performed whenever GDA Securities Ltd ('the Manager') believes there are significant changes of the property market since the previous external valuation.

The liability for capital gains tax that may arise if the properties were sold is not accounted for in these financial statements. The Trust is required to distribute, as a minimum, the taxable income of the Trust to Unit Holders and this taxable income would include any taxable capital gain arising from the sale of the property investments and therefore the Trust is not liable for capital gains tax.

Investment property is classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. They are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. For Investment properties to be classified as held for sale, they must be available for immediate sale in their present condition and their sale must be highly probable.

I. Leases

Trust as Lessor

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

m. Payables

Trade payables and other accounts payable are recognised when the Trust becomes obliged to make future payments resulting from the purchase of goods and services.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022 (Continued)

NOTE 1: Summary of Accounting Policies (cont.)

n. Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Trust has a present obligation (legal or constructive), as a result of a past event, it is probable the Trust will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at reporting date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cashflows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cashflows. When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

o. Repairs and Maintenance

Repairs and maintenance costs are charged as expenses when incurred. These repairs and maintenance costs will consist of those that, under the relevant lease agreements, are non-recoverable from tenants.

p. Revenue Recognition

Property Rental Income

Property rental income represents income earned from the rental of Trust properties (exclusive of outgoings recovered from tenants) and is brought to account on a straight line basis.

Distribution and Interest Income

Distribution and Interest income represents income earned from bank accounts and investments held and is brought to account on a time proportionate basis, taking into account the effective yield on the financial assets.

q. Unit Holder Distributions

The amounts paid to Unit Holders are recorded against Retained Earnings for accounting purposes. Distribution entitlements have been recognised on an accrual basis.

r. Investment Assets

Financial assets are presented as current assets unless management intends not to dispose of the assets within 12 months after the balance sheet date.

Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade date – the date on which the Trust commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Trust has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Initial measurement

Financial assets are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs.

Subsequent measurement

Financial assets are subsequently carried at fair value. Interest and dividend income on financial assets are recognised separately in income. Changes in fair values of financial assets are recognised as income.

NOTE 2: Adoption of new and revised Accounting Standards

Adoption of New and Revised Accounting Standards

(i) Standards and Interpretations affecting amounts reported in the current period (and/or prior periods)

The following new and revised Standards and Interpretations have been adopted in the current period and have affected the amounts reported in these financial statements. Details of other Standards and Interpretations adopted in these financial statements but that have had no effect on the amounts reported are set out in (ii).

Standards and Interpretations affecting the reported results or financial position

There are no new and revised Standards and Interpretations adopted in these financial statements affecting the reporting results or financial position.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022 (Continued)

NOTE 2: Adoption of new and revised Accounting Standards (cont.)

Standards affecting presentation and disclosure

There are no new and revised Standards and Interpretations adopted in these financial statements affecting presentation and disclosure.

(ii) Standards and Interpretations adopted with no effect on financial statements

The following new and revised Standards and Interpretations have also been adopted in these financial statements. Their adoption has not had any significant impact on the amounts reported in these financial statements but may affect the accounting for future transactions or arrangements.

There are no new and revised Standards and Interpretations adopted in these financial statements not affecting the amounts reported.

(iii) Standards and Interpretations issued not vet adopted

At the date of authorisation of the financial statements, the Standards and Interpretations listed below were in issue but not yet effective.

AASB 2020-1 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Classification of Liabilities as Current or Noncurrent'

Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and expected to be initially applied in the financial year ending 30 June 2024. The directors have not yet assessed the impact of this standard.

AASB 2020-3 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Annual Improvements 2018-2020 and Other Amendments'

Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 and expected to be initially applied in the financial year ending 30 June 2023. The directors have not yet assessed the impact of this standard.

AASB 2021-2 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Disclosure of Accounting Policies and Definition of Accounting Estimates'

Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and expected to be initially applied in the financial year ending 30 June 2024. The directors have not yet assessed the impact of this standard.

AASB 2022-1 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Initial Application of AASB 17 and AASB 9 – Comparative Information

Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and expected to be initially applied in the financial year ending 30 June 2024. The directors have not yet assessed the impact of this standard.

NOTE 3: **Rental Income** 2022 2021 3,972,556 Rental Income 4,147,746 4,147,746 3,972,556 NOTE 4: **Property Expenses** 2022 2021 \$ \$ Electricity 537 Insurance 70,447 81,028 Rates and Taxes 82,606 45,817 Repairs and Maintenance 86,744 45,917 250,915 162,181

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022 (Continued)

NOTE 5: Remuneration of Auditors

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Auditing the Financial Report and Compliance Plan	17,500	16,500
	17,500	16,500

The auditor of the GDA Diversified Property Trust is BDO Audit (TAS).

NOTE 6: Related Party Disclosures

The Responsible Entity of the GDA Diversified Property Trust is GDA Securities Ltd. The Responsible Entity does not hold any units in the Trust. Holdings by other related parties are disclosed below:

	2022	2021
Related Party	Units	Units
Directors of GDA Securities Ltd	238,185	498,457

All transactions between the Trust and related parties, being directors of GDA Securities Ltd, have been at market value on normal commercial terms and conditions. This includes purchases and sales of investments as well as applications and redemptions. In accordance with the Trust Constitution, the Responsible Entity is entitled to receive fees for the provision of services to the Trust and to be reimbursed for certain expenditure incurred in the administration of the Trust.

No loans were made by the Trust to the Key Management Personnel and/or their related parties.

Investment Manager's Fee

The Investment Manager of the Trust, GDA Securities Ltd is entitled to receive administration and management fees for the provision of services to the Trust during the year.

- (a) Capital Raising Fee
 - The Constitution allows for a fee of 5% of funds raised. The Manager for the time being has set the fee at nil.
- (b) Property Acquisition Fee
 - The Constitution allows for a fee of 2% of the gross purchase price of any property acquired.
- (c) Property Disposal Fee
 - The Constitution allows for a property disposal fee of 2% of the sale price of any real property sold after deduction of agent's fees, legal fees relating to the sale, advertising and auction expenses. The Manager for the time being has set the fee at 1.50%.
- (d) Management Fee
 - The Constitution allows for a fee of 0.90% per annum of funds under management. The Manager for the time being has set the fee at 0.75% per annum. The fee is calculated and paid monthly in arrears.
- (e) Performance Fee

The Constitution allows for a fee of up to and including 20% of the portion of the outperformance over an internal rate of return of 10%.

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Property Acquisition Fees	219,000	-
Management Fees	489,282	353,529
Performance Fees	864,016	420,305
	1,572,298	773,834

During the year, the Responsible Entity has incurred certain expenses on behalf of the Trust. The Constitution provides for the reimbursement of these expenses to the Responsible Entity.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022 (Continued)

NOTE 6: Related Party Disclosures (cont.)

Property Management Fee

The property manager of the Trust's direct property portfolio, GDA Property Services Pty Ltd, is entitled to receive property management fees for the provision of services to the Trust during the year.

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Property Management Fees	134,936	105,043
	134,936	105,043

Accounting, Taxation and Unit Trust Registry Fees

The accounting and registry services provider, GDA Advisory Pty Ltd, is entitled to receive accounting, taxation and

	gistry maintenance fees for provision of servi			ve accounting,	taxation and
			2022		2021
			\$		\$
	Accounting and Taxation Fees		26,890		38,174
	Unit Trust Registry Fees		24,887		18,198
	Ç ,	-	51,777	- -	56,372
NOTE 7:	Direct Expenses				
1101271	Direct Experience		2022		2021
			\$		\$
	Advertising		265,677		58,730
	Audit Fees		17,500		16,500
	Bank Fees		1,062		420
	Compliance Fees		5,000		5,000
	Custodian Fees		39,682		29,876
	Insurance		57,869		43,628
	Leasing Fees		32,663		-
	Legal and Accounting Fees		85,406		140,566
	Professional Fees		115,778		114,110
	Sundry and Other Expenses		11,983		16,543
	Valuations		45,648		20,800
		-	678,268		446,173
NOTE 8:	Unit Holder Distributions				
		Cents Per	2022	Cents Per	2021
		Unit	\$	Unit	\$
	Recognised amounts		•		•
	Quarter 1 - 1 July - 30 September	1.6005	563,287	1.4871	420,502
	0 1 0 10 1	4.0540	000,005	4 5007	100 100

	Cents Per	2022	Cents Per	2021
	Unit	\$	Unit	\$
Recognised amounts				
Quarter 1 - 1 July - 30 September	1.6005	563,287	1.4871	420,502
Quarter 2 - 1 October - 31 December	1.6510	633,965	1.5627	466,468
Quarter 3 - 1 January - 31 March	1.5534	645,408	1.5534	494,166
Quarter 4 - 1 April - 30 June	1.5208	660,787	1.5832	523,422
Total Distribution Paid or Payable	_	2,503,448	- -	1,904,558

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022 (Continued)

NOTE 9:	Receivables		
		2022	2021
		\$	\$
	Rent and Other Receivables	251,239	493,419
		251,239	493,419
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Trading terms are 14 days for reimbursements and other receivables. Rental income is due on the day of the month which is specified in the lease.

Before accepting new tenants, the Trust performs a comprehensive due diligence to assess their credit worthiness and ability to meet their rental commitments and other expenses incurred by the Trust that are reimbursable under the lease.

Expected credit losses from trade receivables are reviewed, taking into account forward looking information to the best of our knowledge, and in doing so, no material losses as at 30 June 2022 were identified.

NOTE 10:	Other Current Assets		
		2022	2021
		\$	\$
	Accrued Income	28,930	-
	Prepaid Expenses	37,881	49,210
	Other Debtor	19,283	-
		86,094	49,210
NOTE 44.	lance describe		
NOTE 11:	Investments	2022	2021
		\$	\$
	Investments in Listed Funds - at fair value	•	·
	VanEck Vectors Australian Property ETF	633,225	500,208
	Vanguard Australian Property Securities Index ETF	621,908	502,581
	Waypoint ETF	621,428	-
		1,876,561	1,002,789
NOTE 12:	Investment Preneuty		
NOTE 12:	Investment Property	2022	2021
		\$	\$
	Gross Carrying Amount	Ψ	Ψ
	Balance at Beginning of Financial Year	55,439,872	52,455,000
	Additions	11,856,864	-
	Capital Improvements/(Write-offs)	51,533	338,720
	Straight-Lining of Rental Income	(91,031)	210,846
	Net Revaluation Increments/(Decrements)	6,313,170	2,435,306
	Balance at End of Financial Year at Fair Value	73,570,408	55,439,872

As disclosed in Note 1, the Trust's property investments are revalued to fair value by independent valuers to ensure that the fair value is not materially different to the carrying value. Directors' valuations are performed whenever GDA Securities Ltd believes there is a significant change in fair value since the previous valuation. All valuers used are independent valuers that are not related to the Trust. Each valuer is a member of the Australian Institute of Valuers, and they have appropriate qualifications and recent experience in the valuation of properties in relevant locations.

As at 30 June 2022, both 2 Gordons Hill Road, Rosny Park TAS and 93-99 Lambeck Drive, Tullamarine VIC have been reported at the Directors' valuation with both being less than the independent property valuations.

Refer to Note 20 for further information on fair values of investment properties.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022 (Continued)

NOTE 13:	Payables		
	•	2022	2021
		\$	\$
	Audit Fees	12,000	12,000
	Compliance Fees	1,250	6,250
	Custodian Fees	10,231	7,841
	GST Payable	74,946	72,135
	Interest Payable	59,731	41,892
	Management Fees	658,657	185,277
	Other Payables	113,089_	227,232
		929,904	552,627

Trading terms for suppliers vary according to the individual supplier's terms. Fees payable to the Responsible Entity are due 14 days from date of invoice.

NOTE 14:	Distributions Payable		
		2022	2021
		\$	\$
	Balance at the Beginning of Financial Year	523,422	399,724
	Distributions Declared (see note 8)	2,503,449	1,904,558
	Less Distributions Paid	(2,366,084)	(1,780,860)
	Balance at the End of Financial Year	660,787	523,422
NOTE 15:	Other Liabilities		
		2022	2021
		\$	\$
	Rent Received in Advance	62,918	203,921
	Bonds Held	26,352	-
	Other Liabilities	-	211,825
		89,270	415,746
NOTE 16:	Interest Bearing Liabilities		
	C	2022	2021
		\$	\$
	Commonwealth Bank Market Rate Loan	27,000,000	26,746,250
	Borrowing Costs	(33,382)	(41,049)
		26,966,618	26,705,201

The Market Rate Loan is secured by a mortgagee over the Trust's investment property and equipment, the current market value of which exceeds the value of the mortgage.

The Market Rate Loan facility is \$27,000,000 with a Line Fee of 1.20%, a Usage Fee of 0.95% and a Variable Market Rate of BBSY. The facility has a term of just under 5 years ending on 1 June 2027.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022 (Continued)

NOTE 17: Equity

As stipulated in the Trust Constitution, each Unit represents a right to an individual share in the Trust and does not extend to a right to the underlying assets of the Trust. There are no separate classes of Units and each Unit has the same rights attached to it as all other Units in the Trust.

e rights attached to it as all other offits in the Trust.		
	2021	2021
	Units	\$
Balance at Beginning of Financial Year	28,054,551	27,036,908
Net transfer from the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other	-	4,402,257
Contributions of Equity net of issue costs	6,552,904	6,665,130
Redemptions of Equity net of issue costs	(534,999)	(533,555)
Distributions Paid	-	(1,904,558)
Balance at End of Financial Year	34,072,456	35,666,182
	2022	2022
	Units	\$
Balance at Beginning of Financial Year	34,072,456	35,666,182
Net transfer from the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other	-	7,163,618
Contributions of Equity net of issue costs	11,177,045	12,107,432
Redemptions of Equity net of issue costs	(1,822,904)	(1,991,865)
Distributions Paid	-	(2,503,449)
Balance at End of Financial Year	43,426,597	50,441,918

NOTE 18: Leases - Disclosures for Lessors

Operating Leasing Arrangements

Operating leases relate to the investment property owned by the Trust with original lease terms of between 3 and 20 years, with some leases containing options to extend. The Trust has leases with a range of tenants in different market sectors, including industrial, office, retail and tourism and leisure. The minimum lease payments receivable on leases of investment properties are as follows:

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Within 1 year	3,977,921	3,925,450
Between 1 and 2 years	3,412,437	3,488,768
Between 2 and 3 years	3,245,723	2,860,969
Between 3 and 4 years	2,486,585	2,789,884
Between 4 and 5 years	2,037,192	2,093,778
Later than 5 years	10,597,919	11,830,714
Future Lease Payments	25,757,777	26,989,563

All leases are subject to yearly increases, some of which are CPI, fixed or market. Where the minimum amount of the increase is not known, the increase is assumed to be zero. In the event the Trust has entered into an unconditional contract of sale of an investment property prior to the reporting date the note excludes income due under the associated operating leases beyond the proposed settlement date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022 (Continued)

NOTE 19: Notes to the Statement of Cash Flows

(a) Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand and in banks and investments in money market instruments, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Investments in money market instruments have maturities of three months or less, are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Cash and cash equivalents at end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flows is reconciled to the related items in the Statement of Financial Position as follows:

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Commonwealth Bank Operating Account	2,788,608	6,576,459
Commonwealth Bank Distribution Account	410	-
National Australia Bank Operating Account	560	616
National Australia Bank Application Account	460,006	300,813
	3,249,584	6,877,888

(b) Reconciliation of net profit/(loss) before Unit Holder finance costs to net cash flows from operating activities

activities		
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Profit/(loss) before Unit Holder Finance Costs	7,163,618	4,402,257
(Gain)/Loss on revaluation of investment property	(6,313,171)	(2,435,306)
(Gain)/loss on revaluation of investments	374,135	1,237
Straightline Rentals	91,031	(210,846)
Amortisation of borrowing costs	13,471	12,265
Changes in net assets and liabilities		
(Increase)/decrease in assets:		
Current receivables	152,218	(189,292)
Accrued revenue	(28,930)	
Other current assets	11,328	(24,147)
Other non-current assets	16,069	
Increase/(decrease) in liabilities:		
Current payables	365,451	409,359
Other current liabilities	(141,002)	167,433
Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities	1,704,218	2,132,960
(c) Financing Facilities		
	2022	2021
Secured finance facilities	\$	\$
Amount Used	27,000,000	26,746,250
	27,000,000	26,746,250

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022 (Continued)

NOTE 19: Notes to the Statement of Cash Flows (cont.)

(d) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

	Non Cash changes					
	1-Jul-21	Cash Flows	Acquisition	Foreign Exchange	Fair Value Changes	30-Jun-22
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Long term borrowings	26,746,250	(6,300,000)	6,553,750	-	-	27,000,000
Short term borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assets held to hedge long term borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	26,746,250	(6,300,000)	6,553,750	-	-	27,000,000

The existing finance facility expires on 1 June 2027.

		Non Cash changes				
	1-Jul-20	Cash Flows	Acquisition	Foreign Exchange	Fair Value Changes	30-Jun-21
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Long term borrowings	26,746,250	-	-	-	-	26,746,250
Short term borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assets held to hedge long term borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	26,746,250	-	-	-	-	26,746,250

NOTE 20: Fair Values

Recurring fair value measurements

The following financial instruments are subject to recurring fair value measurements:

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Level 1		
Investments in ASX listed funds	1,876,561	1,002,789
Level 3		
Investment Properties	73,570,408	55,439,872
	75,446,969	56,442,661

Fair value hierarchy

AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level in the fair value measurement hierarchy as follows:

- Level 1: the instrument has quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: a valuation technique is used using inputs other than quoted prices within Level 1 that are observable for the financial instrument, either directly (i.e. as prices), or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices);
- Level 3: a valuation technique is used using inputs that are not observable based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

As the Trust holds investment properties, which are independently valued at least every twelve months by a certified valuer or by the Directors, all investment properties fall within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

Transfers

During the financial year ended 30 June 2022 there were no transfers into or out of Level 3.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022 (Continued)

NOTE 20: Fair Values (cont.)

Valuation techniques used to derive Level 3 fair values

Investment properties are independently valued at least once every twelve months by a Certified Practising Valuer registered with the Australian Property Institute, this valuation is reviewed by the Directors at which time all or part of the increase/decrease in value will be adopted in the financial reporting of the Trust. The following table sets out the valuation techniques used to measure fair value within Level 3, including details of the significant unobservable inputs used and the relationship between unobservable inputs and fair value.

Description	Valuation Approach	Unobservable inputs ¹	Range of inputs	Weighted average	Relationship between unobservable inputs and fair value
Investment	Combination of	Capitalisation rate	5.00% - 7.50%	5.63%	The low er the capitalisation rate the higher
Properties	Capitalisation,				the fair value.
	Discounted Cash	Vacancy rate	0.00% - 0.00%	0.00%	The higher the vacancy rate the low er the
	Flow (DCF) and				fair value.
	Direct Comparison	Rental grow th rate	0.00% - 3.50%	3.05%	The higher the rental grow th the higher the
	approaches.				fair value.
	Capitalisation rates,				
	vacancy rates and				
	rental growth rates				
	are estimated by an				
	external valuer or				
	management based				
	on comparable				
	transactions and				
Ì	industry data.				

¹ There were no significant inter-relationships between unobservable inputs that materially affect fair values.

Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value movements

The following table sets out the movements in Level 3 fair values for recurring measurements:

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Balance at Beginning of Financial Year	55,439,872	52,455,000
Additions	11,856,864	-
Capital Improvements/(Write-offs)	51,533	338,720
Gains/(Losses) recognised in other income	6,313,170	2,435,306
Straight-Lining of Rental Income	(91,031)	210,846
Balance at End of Financial Year	73,570,408	55,439,872

Valuation processes for Level 3 fair values

An independent property valuer is appointed to carry out a valuation at least once every twelve months. The valuer must be a member of the Australian Property Institute. The valuation must be performed on the basis of standard practices of the Australian Property Institute.

The Board of Directors must approve the appointment of each valuer and the same valuer cannot be used for more than two consecutive valuations. In intervening periods building valuations are revised according to the Board of Directors assessment of the property market. As at 30 June 2022, both 2 Gordons Hill Road Rosny Park TAS and 93-99 Lambeck Drive, Tullamarine VIC have been reported at the Directors' valuation with both being less than the independent property valuations.

Disclosed fair values

The Trust also has assets and liabilities which are not measured at fair value, but for which fair values are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. Due to their short-term nature, the carrying amount of receivables, other current assets, payables, distributions payable and other current liabilities are assumed to approximate their fair values.

The fair value of non-current borrowings is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rates that are available to the Trust for similar financial instruments. The fair value of these borrowings is not materially different from the carrying value because they bear interest at variable rates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022 (Continued)

NOTE 21: Financial Risk Management

Details of the significant accounting policies and methods adopted, including the criteria for recognition, the basis on which revenues and expenses are recognised, in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in Note 1 to the financial statements.

The Responsible Entity provides financial risk management services to the Trust which relate to its operations. These risks include interest rate risk, credit risk, and liquidity risk. The Responsible Entity reviews the Trust's exposure to financial instruments on a continuous basis. The Trust does not enter into or trade financial instruments, including derivative financial instruments, for speculative purposes.

(a) Interest Rate Risk

The Trust is exposed to interest rate risk as it currently borrows funds at floating rates. This risk is managed by the Trust by monitoring interest rate movements with the ability to fix 100% of the total borrowings when required.

As at the date of this report the outstanding Commonwealth Bank Market Rate Loan was subject to variable interest rate as well as a line fee of 1.20% and a usage fee of 0.95%.

Interest Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the Trust's exposure to interest rates at the reporting date and the stipulated change taking place at the beginning of the financial year and held constant throughout the reporting period. A both a 100-basis point and 200-basis point increase or decrease has been used and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates – this is subject to the Directors judgement.

At reporting date, if interest rates had been 100 basis points higher or lower and all other variables were held constant, the impact on the Trust is as follows:

Effect on Profitability					
2022	2022	2021	2021		
+1%	-1%	+1%	-1%		
32,496	(32,496)	34,389	(34,389)		
(270,000)	270,000	(133,731)	133,731		
(237,504)	237,504	(99,342)	99,342		
	+1% 32,496 (270,000)	2022 2022 +1% -1% 32,496 (32,496) (270,000) 270,000	2022 2022 2021 +1% -1% +1% 32,496 (32,496) 34,389 (270,000) 270,000 (133,731)		

Effect on Drofitability

At reporting date, if interest rates had been 200 basis points higher or lower and all other variables were held constant, the impact on the Trust is as follows:

	Effect on Profitability				
	2022	2022	2021	2021	
	+2%	-2%	+2%	-2%	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	64,992	(64,992)	68,778	(68,778)	
Borrowings	(540,000)	540,000	(267,462)	267,462	
Total Effect on Profit	(475,008)	475,008	(198,684)	198,684	

(b) Liquidity Risk

The responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Board of Directors, who have built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Trust's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Trust's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities. The Trust is, at this stage, illiquid and therefore Unit Holders are unable to withdraw their units at any given time. This substantially reduces the liquidity risk of the Trust. The Trust invests in direct property and therefore there is a risk that the Trust may not be able to liquidate all of these assets at their fair value in order to meet its liquidity requirements.

The Trust manages this risk by maintaining adequate banking facilities and regular monitoring of its forecast and actual cash flows.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022 (Continued)

NOTE 21: Financial Risk Management (cont.)

Liquidity Risk Tables

The following table details the Trust's expected maturity for its financial assets and remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities as at 30 June 2022.

	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
2022	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial Assets				
Cash & Cash Equivalents	3,249,584	-	-	3,249,584
Receivables	299,452	54,611	-	354,063
	3,549,036	54,611	-	3,603,647
Financial Liabilities				
Payables & Other Liabilities	1,019,174	-	-	1,019,174
Distribution Payables	660,787	-	-	660,787
Variable Rate Debt Instruments	1,180,788	31,632,571	-	32,813,359
-	2,860,749	31,632,571	-	34,493,320

The following table details the Trust's expected maturity for its financial assets and remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities as at 30 June 2021.

	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
2021	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial Assets				
Cash & Cash Equivalents	6,877,888	-	-	6,877,888
Receivables	493,419	-	-	493,419
	7,371,307	-	-	7,371,307
Financial Liabilities				
Payables & Other Liabilities	552,627	-	-	552,627
Distribution Payables	523,422	-	-	523,422
Variable Rate Debt Instruments	588,418	28,485,709	-	29,074,127
•	1,664,467	28,485,709	-	30,150,176

(c) Credit Risk Management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Trust. The Trust has adopted the policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties and obtaining sufficient collateral where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. The Trust measures credit risk on a fair value basis.

Trade receivables consist of a number of tenants, spread across different industries and geographical areas. Ongoing credit evaluation is performed on the financial condition of accounts receivable.

The trust considers the credit worthiness of financial institutions in determining where to manage its funds. Credit risk is determined to be low due to making deposits at AAA rated financial institutions.

NOTE 22: Subsequent Events

The directors of the responsible entity are not aware of any significant events since the end of the reporting period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022 (Continued)

NOTE 23: Key Management Personnel Disclosures

AASB 124 "Related Party Disclosures" defines Key Management Personnel ('KMP') as including all Directors and any other persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity. The Trust has no direct employees, however the Directors of the Responsible Entity have been deemed to be Directors of the Trust. These individuals comprise the Key Management Personnel of the Trust.

Remuneration paid to the Responsible Entity is detailed in Note 6. No Director of the Responsible Entity was paid any remuneration by the Trust during the year (2021: Nil) and their compensation paid by the Responsible Entity or related entities of the Responsible Entity is not related to services they render to individual Trusts.

NOTE 24: Additional Trust Information

GDA Diversified Property Trust is an unlisted property trust, incorporated and operating in Australia.

Principal place of Business and Registered Office Level 2, 94 Liverpool Street Hobart TAS 7000

Tel: (03) 6234 4413

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

In the opinion of the Directors of the Responsible Entity, at the date of this Declaration:

- a) There are reasonable grounds to believe that the Trust will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable;
- b) The attached financial statements and notes thereto are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including compliance with accounting standards and giving a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Trust; and
 c) The attached financial statements are in compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards, as
- stated in Note 1 to the financial statements.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors of the Responsible Entity made pursuant to s.295(5) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the Directors of the Responsible Entity, GDA Securities Ltd.

Helen Cowhan

Director

Dated this 19th day of September 2022



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the directors of the responsible entity of GDA Diversified Property Trust

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of GDA Diversified Property Trust (the Trust), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial report, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion the accompanying financial report of GDA Diversified Property Trust, is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (i) Giving a true and fair view of the Trust's financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- (ii) Complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Trust in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the Trust, would be in the same terms if given to the directors of the responsible entity as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this auditor's report is information included in the directors report, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Responsible Entity for the Financial Report

The directors of the responsible entity are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act* 2001 and for such internal control as the directors of the responsible entity determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors of the responsible entity are responsible for assessing the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Trust or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website (http://www.auasb.gov.au/Home.aspx) at:

http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar4.pdf

This description forms part of our auditor's report.

BDO Audit (TAS)

BDO Avdit (TAS)

DAVID E PALMER

Partner

Hobart, 19th September 2022