GDA DIVERSIFIED PROPERTY TRUST ARSN: 108 321 651 **FINANCIAL REPORT** FOR THE YEAR ENDED **30 JUNE 2020**

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors of GDA Securities Ltd (ABN 58 105 612 600), the Responsible Entity of the GDA Diversified Property Trust ('the Trust'), present their report for the Trust for the year ended 30 June 2020. In order to comply with provisions of the Corporations Act 2001, the Directors' report as follows:

Directors

The Directors of the Responsible Entity who, unless otherwise stated, have been in office from the beginning of the year and until the date of this report are:

Mr John A Fairlie Mr Giovanni M Di Monda Mr Geoffrey F Harper Mr Rodney W Parker Mr Bernard L Smith

Trust Information

The Trust is an Australian Registered Scheme. GDA Securities Ltd, the Responsible Entity of the Trust, is incorporated and domiciled in Australia. The registered office of the Responsible Entity is located at Level 2, 94 Liverpool Street, Hobart, TAS 7000.

Principal Activity

The principal activity of the Trust during the year was the investment of Unit Holders' funds in accordance with the Trust Constitution. There has been no significant change in the nature of this activity during the year.

Review of Results and Operations

The results of the operations of the Trust are disclosed in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income of the financial report. The Trust derived an operating profit for the year calculated in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ('IFRS') of \$1,590,074 (2019: \$1,974,699).

The reduction in operating profit was primarily driven by the revaluation of all properties within the portfolio during the year which resulted in unrealised net losses of \$210,983 (2019: \$451,110 net gain). The unrealised net losses reflect the current downward impact COVID-19 is having on the value of properties within the Trust.

The operating profit was supplemented through higher rental receipts due to the acquisition of 579 South Road, Regency Park, SA and 9 Ashgrove Avenue, Ashgrove, QLD during the 2020 financial year of \$3,240,899 (2019: \$2,888,185) and lower finance expenses, through the reduction of interest rates, of \$635,070 (2019: 748,693).

Distributions

Distributions were paid for the full 2020 financial year. The net distributions for the Trust for the year ended 30 June 2020 were \$1,579,694 (2019: \$1,203,848) which equates to a distribution rate of 5.938 cents per unit (2019: 5.749 cents per unit).

Distributions will continue to be reviewed by the Board of Directors with the level of distributions to be determined by the Trust's ongoing performance.

Significant Changes in the State of Affairs

There have been no significant changes in the State of Affairs of the Trust during the financial year.

Significant Events after the Balance Date

There were no significant events after the Balance Date.

Future Developments

To the best of the directors knowledge, there are no other anticipated changes in the operations of the Trust which would have a material impact on the future results of the Trust. Property valuation changes, movements in the fair value of financial instruments and movements in interest rates may have a material impact on the Trust's results in future years. However, these cannot be reliably estimated at the date of this report.

Further information on likely developments in the operations of the Trust and the expected results of operations have not been included in this financial report because the Responsible Entity believes it would be likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Trust.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

Environmental Regulations and Performance

The operations of the Trust are not subject to a particular and significant environmental regulation under a law of the Commonwealth or of a State or Territory.

Relevant Information

Following is a list of relevant information required under the Corporations Act 2001:

- The value of the Trust's assets as at the end of the financial year is disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position as "Total Assets" and the basis of valuation is included in Note 1.
- Fees paid to the Responsible Entity Refer to Note 6 to the Financial Statements.
- No Units were issued to the Responsible Entity during the current financial year Refer to Note 6 to the Financial Statements.
- The Responsible Entity does not hold any units in the Trust Refer to Note 6 to the Financial Statements.
- The number of units in the Trust as at 30 June 2020 and the number of units issued and withdrawn during the year Refer to Note 16 to the Financial Statements.

Options Granted

No options were:

- i. Granted over unissued units in the Trust during or since the end of the financial year; or
- ii. Granted to the Responsible Entity.

No unissued units in the Trust were under option as at the date on which this report is made.

No units were issued in the Trust during or since the end of the financial year as a result of the exercise of an option over unissued units in the Trust.

Indemnification and Insurance of Directors, Officers and Auditors

During the financial year, the Trust paid a premium in respect of a contract insuring the directors, the company secretary and all executive officers of the Responsible Entity, against a liability incurred as such a director, secretary or executive officer to the extent permitted by the Corporations Act 2001. The contract of insurance prohibits disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium.

The Trust has not otherwise, during or since the financial year, indemnified or agreed to indemnify an officer or auditor of the Trust against a liability incurred as such an officer or auditor.

Auditor's Independence Declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001, is set out on page 4 of this financial report.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors of GDA Securities Ltd made pursuant to s298(2) of the Corporations Act 2001:

On behalf of the Directors of the Responsible Entity, GDA Securities Ltd.

Giovanni M. Di Monda

Director

Dated this 11th day of September 2020



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DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE BY DAVID E PALMER TO THE DIRECTORS OF GDA DIVERSIFIED PROPERTY TRUST

As lead auditor of GDA Diversified Property Trust for the year ended 30 June 2020, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- 1. No contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- 2. No contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

DAVID E PALMER Partner

BDO Audit (TAS)

Hobart, September 2020

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

		2020	2019
	Note	\$	\$
Revenue			
Revenue from Property Rental	3	3,240,899	2,888,185
Property Expenses	4	(184,152)	(155,784)
Gross Profit on Property Income		3,056,747	2,732,401
Other Revenue and Income			
Interest Income		28,293	13,297
Other Income	_	-	2,674
		28,293	15,971
Total Revenue and Other Income		3,085,040	2,748,372
Expenses			
Management Fees	6	287,603	225,221
Direct Expenses	7	361,310	250,869
Loss/(Gain) on Revaluation of Investment Property		210,983	(451,110)
		859,896	24,980
Finance Expenses			
Interest Expense and Bank Charges	_	635,070	748,693
		635,070	748,693
Total Expenses		1,494,966	773,673
Net Profit attributable to Unit Holders	-	1,590,074	1,974,699
Other Comprehensive Income			
Other Comprehensive Income for the period	_		
Total Comprehensive Income for the Year		1,590,074	1,974,699

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2020

	Note	2020 \$	2019 \$
Current Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	18 (a)	1,538,655	3,481,696
Receivables	9	304,127	177,365
Other Current Assets	10	25,063	24,333
Total Current Assets	•	1,867,845	3,683,394
Non Current Assets			
Investment Property	11	52,455,000	36,800,000
Total Non Current Assets	•	52,455,000	36,800,000
Total Assets		54,322,845	40,483,394
Current Liabilities			
Payables	12	156,790	132,600
Distributions Payable	13	399,724	318,164
Other Current Liabilities	14	36,487	32,404
Total Current Liabilties		593,001	483,168
Non Current Liabilities			
Interest Bearing Liabilities	15	26,692,936	17,682,193
Total Non Current Liabilities		26,692,936	17,682,193
Total Liabilities		27,285,937	18,165,361
Net Assets		27,036,908	22,318,033
Equity			
Units On Issue		26,539,861	21,831,366
Retained Earnings	_	497,047	486,667
Total Equity	16	27,036,908	22,318,033

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

			Retainined	
			Earnings	
		Unit Holders	(Accumulated	
		Capital	Losses)	Total
	Note	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2018		19,402,445	(284,184)	19,118,261
Total Comprehensive Income for the Period	-	-	1,974,699	1,974,699
Transactions with Unit Holders in their capacity as Unit Holders				
Issue of Units		3,875,550	-	3,875,550
Redemption of Units		(1,446,629)	-	(1,446,629)
Payment of Distributions	8	-	(1,203,848)	(1,203,848)
Balance at 30 June 2019	-	21,831,366	486,667	22,318,033
Balance at 1 July 2019		21,831,366	486,667	22,318,033
Total Comprehensive Income for the Period	-	-	1,590,074	1,590,074
Transactions with Unit Holders in their capacity as Unit Holders				
Issue of Units		5,347,205	-	5,347,205
Redemption of Units		(638,710)	-	(638,710)
Payment of Distributions	8	-	(1,579,694)	(1,579,694)
Balance at 30 June 2020	•	26,539,861	497,047	27,036,908

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

	Note	2020 \$	2019 \$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Rental Receipts		3,093,018	2,664,854
Payments to Suppliers		(969,766)	(1,243,009)
Interest Received		29,271	12,367
Interest and Other Costs of Finance Paid		(655,221)	(753,752)
Other Income Received		-	2,674
Net cash provided by/(used in) Operating Activities	18 (b)	1,497,302	683,134
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payment for Investment Properties		(15,550,998)	-
Payment for Investment Property Improvements		(139,705)	(399,804)
Net cash (used in)/provided by Investing Activities		(15,690,703)	(399,804)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Receipts from Issue of Units		5,311,408	3,875,550
Payments for Redemption of Units		(638,710)	(1,446,629)
Proceeds from Borrowings		9,040,000	-
Distributions paid to ordinary Unit Holders		(1,462,338)	(1,169,227)
Net cash (used in)/provided by Financing Activities		12,250,360	1,259,694
Net (decrease)/increase in cash & cash equivalents		(1,943,041)	1,543,024
Cash & cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial	year	3,481,696	1,938,672
Cash & cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	18 (a)	1,538,655	3,481,696

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

NOTE 1: Summary of Accounting Policies

Statement of compliance

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, the Corporations Act 2001 and the terms of the Trust Constitution. The financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

Basis of preparation

The entity is a for-profit entity for the purposes of preparing these financial statements. The financial report has been prepared on the basis of historical cost, except for certain assets which, as noted, are at fair value. Cost is based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets. All amounts are presented in Australian dollars, unless otherwise stated. The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Directors on 11th September 2020.

Accounting policies are selected and applied in a manner which ensures that the resulting financial information satisfies the concepts of relevance and reliability, thereby ensuring that the substance of the underlying transactions or other events is reported.

The accounting policies set out below have been applied in preparing the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2020 and the comparative information presented in these financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2019.

Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Trust's accounting policies, management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. This includes the impact of COVID-19 which has given rise to many significant uncertainties, including the length of time and severity of the impact of COVID-19, how effective the measures taken to control its spread will be, and how quickly activities might return to more normal conditions once the pandemic is over. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities.

Investment property values

Investment properties are carried at their fair value. Valuations are based on either an independent valuation or a Directors' valuation at each reporting date. Valuations are determined based on assessments and estimates of uncertain future events, including upturns and downturns in property markets and availability of similar properties, vacancy rates, market rents and capitalisation and discount rates. Refer to Note 11 and Note 19 for further information regarding investment property valuations.

Significant Accounting Policies

The following significant accounting policies have been adopted in the preparation and presentation of the financial report. The accounting policies have been consistently applied, unless otherwise stated.

a. Applications

Applications received for units in the Scheme are recorded net of any entry fees (if applicable) payable prior to the issue of units in the Trust.

Application Price of units issued pursuant to an offer made via a Product Disclosure Statement

The application price of units issued pursuant to an offer made via a Product Disclosure Statement will be calculated in accordance with the Constitution, being the price at which a unit the subject of an application is issued, being the amount calculated as at the valuation time before the date the application for units is made as determined by the Responsible Entity as representing the Net Asset Value divided by the units in issue plus the estimated transaction costs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 1: Summary of Accounting Policies (cont.)

a. Applications (cont.)

Application Price of units issued pursuant to an offer made via a Distribution Reinvestment Plan

The application price of units issued pursuant to an offer made via a Distribution Reinvestment Plan shall be the lesser of:

- a) the price at which units are offered in the Product Disclosure Statement as at the distribution payment date; and
- b) the application price of a unit calculated in accordance with the Constitution, being the price at which a unit the subject of an application is issued, being the amount calculated as at the valuation time before the date the application for units is made as determined by the Responsible Entity as representing the Net Asset Value divided by the units in issue plus the estimated transaction costs.

b. Borrowings

Borrowings are recorded initially at fair value, net of transaction costs. Loan establishment costs include application fees, loan stamp duty, legal fees, and costs associated with fixing and capping the interest rates. Subsequent to initial recognition, borrowings are measured at amortised cost with any difference between the initial recognised amount and the redemption value being recognised in profit and loss over the period of the borrowing using the effective interest rate method

c. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position.

d. Depreciation

The Trust's land and buildings, which are held at fair value, have the function of an investment and are classified as an investment property (refer Note 1k). In accordance with Accounting Standards, investment properties are not subject to depreciation. Accordingly the investment properties are not depreciated. Taxation allowances for the depreciation of buildings and plant and equipment, that are classified as investment properties, are claimed by the Trust and contributed to the tax deferred components of the distribution.

e. Equity Instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity Instruments issued by the Trust are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

f. Financial Assets

Loans and Receivables

The Trust has applied the simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses, which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on days overdue. The impairment provision takes into account historical collection rates and forward-looking information that is available.

g. Financial Instruments

Debt and Equity Instruments

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement.

Transaction Costs on the Issue of Units

Transaction costs arising on the issue of Units are recognised directly against equity as a reduction of the proceeds of the Units to which the costs relate. Transaction costs are the costs that are incurred directly in connection with the issue of those Units and which would not have been incurred had the Units not been issued.

Interest and Distributions

Interest and distributions are classified as expenses or as distributions of profit consistent with the Statement of Financial Position classification of the related debt or equity instrument.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 1: Summary of Accounting Policies (cont.)

h. Goods and Services Tax ('GST')

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax, except:

- i. where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority, it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of an asset or as part of an item of expense; or
- ii. for receivables and payables which are recognised inclusive of GST.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis. The GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is classified as operating cash flows.

i. Impairment of Assets

At each reporting date, the Trust reviews the carrying amounts of its assets to determine whether those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss in the year that it is determined.

j. Income Tax

Under current income tax legislation, the Trust is not liable to pay income tax provided its taxable income (including assessable realised capital gains) is fully distributed to Unit Holders, by way of cash or reinvestment.

k. Investment Property

Investment property, which is property (including integral plant and equipment) held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, is measured initially at its cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment property is measured at fair value. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment property are included in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

The Trust's property investments are revalued to fair value by independent valuers on a progressive basis. These revaluations are based on fair values which represent the price at which the property investments could be sold at the date of revaluation assuming reasonable exposure to the market and a reasonable settlement period. Directors' valuations of property investments are performed whenever GDA Securities Ltd ('the Manager') believes there is a significant change in fair value since the previous external valuation.

The liability for capital gains tax that may arise if the properties were sold is not accounted for in these financial statements. The Trust is required to distribute, as a minimum, the taxable income of the Trust to Unit Holders and this taxable income would include any taxable capital gain arising from the sale of the property investments and therefore the Trust is not liable for capital gains tax.

Investment property is classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. They are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. For Investment properties to be classified as held for sale, they must be available for immediate sale in their present condition and their sale must be highly probable.

I. Leases

Trust as Lessor

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

m. Payables

Trade payables and other accounts payable are recognised when the Trust becomes obliged to make future payments resulting from the purchase of goods and services.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 1: Summary of Accounting Policies (cont.)

n. Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Trust has a present obligation (legal or constructive), as a result of a past event, it is probable the Trust will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at reporting date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cashflows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cashflows. When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

o. Repairs and Maintenance

Repairs and maintenance costs are charged as expenses when incurred. These repairs and maintenance costs will consist of those that, under the relevant lease agreements, are non-recoverable from tenants.

p. Revenue Recognition

Property Rental Income

Property rental income represents income earned from the rental of Trust properties (exclusive of outgoings recovered from tenants) and is brought to account on a straight line basis.

Interest Income

Interest income represents income earned from bank accounts and investments held and is brought to account on a time proportionate basis, taking into account the effective yield on the financial assets.

q. Unit Holder Distributions

The amounts paid to Unit Holders are recorded against Retained Earnings for accounting purposes.

Distribution entitlements have been recognised on an accrual basis.

NOTE 2: Adoption of new and revised Accounting Standards

Adoption of New and Revised Accounting Standards

(i) Standards and Interpretations affecting amounts reported in the current period (and/or prior periods)

The following new and revised Standards and Interpretations have been adopted in the current period and have affected the amounts reported in these financial statements. Details of other Standards and Interpretations adopted in these financial statements but that have had no effect on the amounts reported are set out in (ii).

Standards and Interpretations affecting the reported results or financial position

There are no new and revised Standards and Interpretations adopted in these financial statements affecting the reporting results or financial position.

Standards affecting presentation and disclosure

AASB 16 'Leases'

AASB 16 replaces AASB 117 'Leases', Interpretation 4 'Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease', Interpretation 115 'Operating Leases – Incentives' and Interpretation 127 Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease'. The Standard provides a comprehensive model for the identification of lease arrangements and their treatment in the financial statements of both lessees and lessors.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 2: Adoption of new and revised Accounting Standards (cont.)

(ii) Standards and Interpretations adopted with no effect on financial statements

The following new and revised Standards and Interpretations have also been adopted in these financial statements. Their adoption has not had any significant impact on the amounts reported in these financial statements but may affect the accounting for future transactions or arrangements.

AASB 2018-1 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Annual Improvements 2015-2017 Cycle' Makes amendments to AASB 3 'Business Combinations', AASB 11 'Joint Arrangements', AASB 112 'Income Taxes', and AASB 133 'Borrowing Costs'.

(iii) Standards and Interpretations issued not yet adopted

At the date of authorisation of the financial statements, the Standards and Interpretations listed below were in issue but not yet effective.

AASB 2018-7 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Definition of Material'

Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020 and expected to be initially applied in the financial year ending 30 June 2021. The directors have not yet assessed the impact of this standard.

AASB 2020-1 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current'

Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and expected to be initially applied in the financial year ending 30 June 2024. The directors have not yet assessed the impact of this standard.

AASB 2020-3 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Annual Improvements 2018-2020 and Other Amendments'

Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 and expected to be initially applied in the financial year ending 30 June 2023. The directors have not yet assessed the impact of this standard.

NOTE 3:	Rental Income		
		2020	2019
		\$	\$
	Rental Income	3,051,992	2,454,587
	Straight-lining of Rental Income	188,907	433,598
		3,240,899	2,888,185
		<u> </u>	
NOTE 4:	Property Expenses		
	. , .	2020	2019
		\$	\$
	Insurance	71,103	66,638
	Rates and Taxes	40,403	31,728
	Electricity	· -	3,434
	Repairs and Maintenance	72,646	53,984
	·	184,152	155,784
NOTE 5:	Remuneration of Auditors		
		2020	2019
		\$	\$
	Auditing the Financial Report and Compliance Plan	17,500	14,000
		17,500	14,000

The auditor of the GDA Diversified Property Trust is BDO Audit (TAS).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 6: Related Party Disclosures

The Responsible Entity of the GDA Diversified Property Trust is GDA Securities Ltd. The Responsible Entity does not hold any units in the Trust. Holdings by other related parties are disclosed below:

	2020	2019
Related Party	Units	Units
Directors of GDA Securities Ltd	749,925	554,002

All transactions between the Trust and related parties, being directors of GDA Securities Ltd, have been at market value on normal commercial terms and conditions. This includes purchases and sales of investments as well as applications and redemptions. In accordance with the Trust Constitution, the Responsible Entity is entitled to receive fees for the provision of services to the Trust and to be reimbursed for certain expenditure incurred in the administration of the Trust.

Investment Manager's Fee

The Investment Manager of the Trust, GDA Securities Ltd is entitled to receive administration and management fees for the provision of services to the Trust during the year.

(a) Capital Raising Fee

The Constitution allows for a fee of 5% of funds raised. The Manager for the time being has set the fee at nil

(b) Property Acquisition Fee

The Constitution allows for a fee of 2% of the gross purchase price of any property acquired.

(c) Property Disposal Fee

The Constitution allows for a property disposal fee of 2% of the sale price of any real property sold after deduction of agent's fees, legal fees relating to the sale, advertising and auction expenses. The Manager for the time being has set the fee at 1.5%.

(d) Management Fee

The Constitution allows for a fee of 0.90% per annum of funds under management. The Manager for the time being has set the fee at 0.60% per annum. The fee is calculated and paid monthly in arrears.

(e) Custodian Fee

The Constitution specifies that the Custodian, Sandhurst Trustees Limited, receives a fee of \$15,000 per annum when the Trust assets are less than \$30,000,000. Once the Trust assets exceed \$30,000,000, the fee payable to the Custodian is 0.05% of the Trust assets.

No loans were made by the Trust to the Key Management Personnel and/or their related parties.

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Property Acquisition Fees	292,600	-
Management Fees	287,603	225,221
Custodian Fees	24,792_	19,022
	604,995	244,243

Refer to Note 7 for Custodian Fees which are included as Direct Expenses. During the year, the Responsible Entity has incurred certain expenses on behalf of the Trust. The Constitution provides for the reimbursement of these expenses to the Responsible Entity.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 6: Related Party Disclosures (cont.)

Property Management Fee

The property manager of the Trust's direct property portfolio, GDA Property Services Pty Ltd, is entitled to receive property management fees for the provision of services to the Trust during the year.

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Property Management Fees	130,137_	105,492
	130.137	105.492

Accounting, Taxation and Unit Trust Registry Fees

The accounting and registry services provider, GDA Advisory Pty Ltd, is entitled to receive accounting, taxation and unit trust registry maintenance fees for provision of services to the Trust during the year.

		2020	2019
		\$	\$
	Accounting and Taxation Fees	24,458	15,882
	Unit Trust Registry Fees	13,045	9,351
		37,503	25,233
NOTE 7:	Direct Expenses		
	•	2020	2019
		\$	\$
	Advertising	400	6,637
	Audit Fees	17,500	14,000
	Bad Debts	58,055	-
	Bank Fees	227	443
	Compliance Fees	5,000	5,000
	Custodian Fees	24,792	19,022
	Insurance	28,658	26,604
	Legal and Accounting Fees	42,377	51,493
	Professional Fees	117,993	68,547
	Regulatory Fees	1,240	1,224
	Sundry and Other Expenses	33,600	20,249
	Valuations	31,468	37,650
		361,310	250,869

The Bad Debts is representative of the waived rental concession that were provided in response to COVID-19.

NOTE 8: Unit Holder Distributions

	Cents Per Unit	2020 \$	Cents Per Unit	2019 \$
Recognised amounts				
Quarter 1 - 1 July - 30 September	1.5082	364,556	1.3863	290,815
Quarter 2 - 1 October - 31 December	1.5710	417,952	1.4493	299,975
Quarter 3 - 1 January - 31 March	1.4296	397,462	1.4178	294,894
Quarter 4 - 1 April - 30 June	1.4296	399,724	1.4959	318,164
Total Distribution Paid or Payable	_	1,579,694	_	1,203,848

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020 (Continued)

NOTE	9:	Recei	ivables
11016	J.	11666	vabics

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Rent and Other Receivables	304,127_	177,365
	304,127	177,365

Trading terms are 14 days for reimbursements and other receivables. Rental income is due on the day of the month which is specified in the lease.

Before accepting new tenants, the Trust performs a comprehensive due diligence to assess their credit worthiness and ability to meet their rental commitments and other expenses incurred by the Trust that are reimbursable under the lease.

Expected credit losses from trade receivables are reviewed, taking into account forward looking information to the best of our knowledge, and in doing so, no material losses as at 30 June 2020 were identified. This includes taking into consideration known impacts resulting from COVID-19. Rental allowances that have been applied as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic have already been taken into account. Rental that has been waived through these rental concessions are not included in total receivables.

NOTE 10:	Other Current Assets
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	Prepaid Expenses	2020 \$ 25,063 25,063	2019 \$ 24,333 24,333
NOTE 11:	Investment Property	2020	2019
		\$	\$
	Gross Carrying Amount	·	·
	Balance at Beginning of Financial Year	36,800,000	35,500,000
	Additions	15,552,859	-
	Capital Improvements/(Write-offs)	124,217	415,293
	Straight-Lining of Rental Income	188,907	433,597
	Net Revaluation (Decrements)/Increments	(210,983)	451,110
	Balance at End of Financial Year at Fair Value	52,455,000	36,800,000

As disclosed in Note 1, the Trust's property investments are revalued to fair value by independent valuers to ensure that the fair value is not materially different to the carrying value. Directors' valuations are performed whenever GDA Securities Ltd believes there is a significant change in fair value since the previous valuation.

All valuers used are independent valuers that are not related to the Trust. Each valuer is a member of the Australian Institute of Valuers, and they have appropriate qualifications and recent experience in the valuation of properties in relevant locations.

Refer to Note 19 for further information on fair values of investment properties.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 12:	Payables		
	•	2020	2019
		\$	\$
	Audit Fees	12,000	12,000
	Compliance Fees	3,750	3,750
	Custodian Fees	6,790	5,060
	GST Payable	37,001	39,286
	Interest Payable	38,510	29,404
	Management Fees	26,716	19,964
	Professional Fees	8,599	6,049
	Other Payables	23,424	17,087
		<u> 156,790</u>	132,600

Trading terms for suppliers vary according to the individual supplier's terms. Fees payable to the Responsible Entity are due 14 days from date of invoice.

NOTE 13:	Distributions Payable		
		2020	2019
		\$	\$
	Balance at the Beginning of Financial Year	318,164	283,543
	Distributions Declared (see note 8)	1,579,694	1,203,848
	Less Distributions Paid	(1,498,134)	(1,169,227)
	Balance at the End of Financial Year	399,724	318,164
NOTE 14:	Other Liabilities		
	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2020	2019
		\$	\$
	Rent Received in Advance	36,487	32,404
		36,487	32,404
NOTE 15:	Interest Bearing Liabilities		
		2020	2019
		\$	\$
	Non Current Liabilities		
	Commonwealth Bank Market Rate Loan	26,746,250	17,706,250
	Borrowing Costs	(53,314)	(24,057)
		26,692,936	17,682,193

The Market Rate Loan is secured by a mortgagee over the Trust's investment property and equipment, the current market value of which exceeds the value of the mortgage.

The Market Rate Loan facility is \$26,746,250 with a Variable Market Rate of BBSY and a line fee of 1.87%. The facility has a term of just under 5 years ending on 13 June 2025.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 16: Equity

As stipulated in the Trust Constitution, each Unit represents a right to an individual share in the Trust and does not extend to a right to the underlying assets of the Trust. There are no separate classes of Units and each Unit has the same rights attached to it as all other Units in the Trust.

anie rights attached to it as all other offits in the Trust.		
	2019	2019
	Units	\$
	22	Ť
Balance at Beginning of Financial Year	20,699,266	19,118,261
Net transfer from the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other	-	1,974,699
Comprehensive Income		, ,
Contributions of Equity net of issue costs	4,123,503	3,875,550
Redemptions of Equity net of issue costs	(1,594,796)	(1,446,629)
Distributions Paid	-	(1,203,848)
Balance at End of Financial Year	23,227,973	22,318,033
	2020	2020
	Units	\$
Balance at Beginning of Financial Year	23,227,973	22,318,033
Net transfer from the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other		1 500 074
Comprehensive Income	-	1,590,074
Contributions of Equity net of issue costs	5,475,687	5,347,205
Redemptions of Equity net of issue costs	(649,109)	(638,710)
Distributions Paid	-	(1,579,694)
Balance at End of Financial Year	28,054,551	27,036,908

As stipulated in the Trust Constitution, each Unit represents a right to an individual share in the Trust and does not extend to a right to the underlying assets of the Trust. There are no separate classes of Units and each Unit has the same rights attached to it as all other Units in the Trust.

NOTE 17: Leases - Disclosures for Lessors

Operating Leasing Arrangements

Operating leases relate to the investment property owned by the Trust with original lease terms of between 6 and 20 years, with some leases containing options to extend. The Trust has leases with a range of tenants in different market sectors, including office, industrial and tourism and leisure. The minimum lease payments receivable on leases of investment properties are as follows:

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Within 1 year	3,752,777	2,717,318
Between 1 and 2 years	3,905,271	2,901,750
Between 2 and 3 years	3,487,086	2,989,628
Between 3 and 4 years	2,860,969	2,956,239
Between 4 and 5 years	2,789,884	2,360,204
Later than 5 years	13,924,492	13,009,619
Future Lease Payments	30,720,479	26,934,757

All leases are subject to yearly increases, some of which are CPI, fixed or market. Where the minimum amount of the increase is not known, the increase is assumed to be zero. In the event the Trust has entered into an unconditional contract of sale of an investment property prior to the reporting date the note excludes income due under the associated operating leases beyond the proposed settlement date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 18: Notes to the Statement of Cash Flows

(a) Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand and in banks and investments in money market instruments, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Investments in money market instruments have maturities of three months or less, are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Cash and cash equivalents at end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flows is reconciled to the related items in the Statement of Financial Position as follows:

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Commonwealth Bank Operating Account	1,531,957	3,424,133
Commonwealth Bank Distribution Account	2	-
National Australia Bank Operating Account	5,700	5,710
National Australia Bank Application Account	996	51,853
Total Cash	1,538,655	3,481,696

(b) Reconciliation of net profit/(loss) before Unit Holder finance costs to net cash flows from operating activities

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Profit/(loss) before Unit Holder finance costs	1,590,074	1,974,699
(Gain)/loss on sale or disposal of non current assets	-	-
Straightline Rentals	(188,907)	(433,598)
Property disposal costs	-	-
(Gain)/loss on revaluation of investment property	210,983	(451,110)
Borrowing Costs Paid	(43,618)	(17,706)
Amortisation of borrowing costs	14,361	13,573
Changes in net assets and liabilities		
(Increase)/decrease in assets:		
Current receivables	(126,762)	(231,993)
Other current assets	(730)	(662)
Increase/(decrease) in liabilities:		
Current payables	37,818	(106,705)
Other current liabilities	4,083	(63,364)
Net cash flow from Operating Activities	1,497,302	683,134

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 18: Notes to the Statement of Cash Flows (cont.)

(c) Financing Facilities

	2020	2019
Secured finance facilities	\$	\$
Amount Used	26,746,250	17,706,250
	26,746,250	17,706,250

(d) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

		Non Cash changes				
	1 July 2019	Cash		Foreign		30 June 2020
	1 July 2019	Flows		Exchange	Fair Value	30 Julie 2020
			Acquisition	Movements	Changes	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Long term borrowings	17,706,250	9,040,000	-	-	-	26,746,250
Short term borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assets held to hedge long						
term borrowings		-	-	-	-	-
Total	17,706,250	9,040,000	-	-	-	26,746,250

The existing finance facility expire on 15 June 2025.

NOTE 19: Fair Values

Recurring fair value measurements

The following financial instruments are subject to recurring fair value measurements:

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Level 3		
Investment Properties	52,455,000	36,800,000
	52,455,000	36,800,000

Fair value hierarchy

AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level in the fair value measurement hierarchy as follows:

- Level 1: the instrument has quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: a valuation technique is used using inputs other than quoted prices within Level 1 that are observable for the financial instrument, either directly (i.e. as prices), or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices);
- Level 3: a valuation technique is used using inputs that are not observable based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

As the Trust holds investment properties, which are independently valued at least every twelve months by a certified valuer, all investment properties fall within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

Transfers

During the financial year ended 30 June 2020 there were no transfers into or out of Level 3.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 19: Fair Values (cont.)

Valuation techniques used to derive Level 3 fair values

Investment properties are independently valued at least once every twelve months by a Certified Practising Valuer registered with the Australian Property Institute. The following table sets out the valuation techniques used to measure fair value within Level 3, including details of the significant unobservable inputs used and the relationship between unobservable inputs and fair value.

Description	Valuation Approach	Unobservable inputs ¹	Range of inputs	Weighted average	Relationship between unobservable inputs and fair value
Investment	Combination of	Capitalisation rate	5.25% - 8.75%	6.79%	The low er the capitalisation rate the higher
Properties	Capitalisation,	Capitalioation rate	0.2070 0.7070	0.7070	the fair value.
	Discounted Cash	Vacancy rate	0.00% - 0.00%	0.0%	The higher the vacancy rate the low er the
	Flow (DCF) and				fair value.
	Direct Comparison	Rental grow th rate	0.00% - 3.50%	2.54%	The higher the rental grow th the higher the
	approaches.				fair value.
	Capitalisation rates,				
	vacancy rates and				
	rental grow th rates				
	are estimated by an				
	external valuer or				
	management based				
	on comparable				
	transactions and				
	industry data.				

¹ There were no significant inter-relationships between unobservable inputs that materially affect fair values.

Valuations have been conducted under the current COVID-19 pandemic taking into consideration, and allowing for, rental allowances and/or financial assistance provided to tenants where applicable. We believe that the reported fair values reflect current market conditions, rental yields from current leases and current government bond yields.

Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value movements

The following table sets out the movements in Level 3 fair values for recurring measurements:

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Balance at Beginning of Financial Year	36,800,000	35,500,000
Additions	15,552,859	-
Capital Improvements/(Write-offs)	124,217	415,293
Gains/(Losses) recognised in other income	(210,983)	451,110
Straight-Lining of Rental Income	188,907_	433,597
Balance at End of Financial Year	52,455,000	36,800,000

Valuation processes for Level 3 fair values

An independent property valuer is appointed to carry out a valuation at least once every twelve months. The valuer must be a member of the Australian Property Institute. The valuation must be performed on the basis of standard practices of the Australian Property Institute.

The Board of Directors must approve the appointment of each valuer and the same valuer cannot be used for more than two consecutive valuations. In intervening periods building valuations are revised according to the Board of Directors assessment of the property market.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 19: Fair Values (cont.)

Disclosed fair values

The Trust also has assets and liabilities which are not measured at fair value, but for which fair values are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. Due to their short-term nature, the carrying amount of receivables, other current assets, payables, distributions payable and other current liabilities are assumed to approximate their fair values.

The fair value of non-current borrowings is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rates that are available to the Trust for similar financial instruments. The fair value of these borrowings is not materially different from the carrying value because they bear interest at variable rates.

NOTE 20: Financial Risk Management

Details of the significant accounting policies and methods adopted, including the criteria for recognition, the basis on which revenues and expenses are recognised, in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in Note 1 to the financial statements.

The Responsible Entity provides financial risk management services to the Trust which relate to its operations. These risks include interest rate risk, credit risk, and liquidity risk. The Responsible Entity reviews the Trust's exposure to financial instruments on a continuous basis. The Trust does not enter into or trade financial instruments, including derivative financial instruments, for speculative purposes.

(a) Interest Rate Risk

The Trust is exposed to interest rate risk as it currently borrows funds at floating rates. This risk is managed by the Trust by monitoring interest rate movements with the ability to fix 100% of the total borrowings when required.

As at the date of this report the outstanding Commonwealth Bank Market Rate Loan was subject to variable interest rate as well as a line fee of 1.87%.

Interest Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the Trust's exposure to interest rates at the reporting date and the stipulated change taking place at the beginning of the financial year and held constant throughout the reporting period. A 50 basis point increase or decrease has been used and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

At reporting date, if interest rates had been 50 basis points higher or lower and all other variables were held constant, the impact on the Trust is as follows:

	Effect on Profitability			
	2020	2020	2019	2019
	+0.5%	-0.5%	+0.5%	-0.5%
Cash and Cash Equivalents	7,693	(7,693)	17,408	(17,408)
Borrowings	(133,731)	133,731	(88,531)	88,531
Total Effect on Profit	(126,038)	126,038	(71,123)	71,123

(b) Liquidity Risk

The responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Board of Directors, who have built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Trust's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Trust's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities. The Trust is, at this stage, illiquid and therefore Unit Holders are unable to withdraw their units at any given time. This substantially reduces the liquidity risk of the Trust. The Trust invests in direct property and therefore there is a risk that the Trust may not be able to liquidate all of these assets at their fair value in order to meet its liquidity requirements.

The Trust manages this risk by maintaining adequate banking facilities and regular monitoring of its forecast and actual cash flows.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 20: Financial Risk Management (cont.)

Liquidity Risk Tables

The following table details the Trust's expected maturity for its financial assets and remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities as at 30 June 2020.

	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
2020	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial Assets				
Cash & Cash Equivalents	1,538,655	-	-	1,538,655
Receivables	304,127	-	=	304,127
	1,842,782	-	-	1,842,782
Financial Liabilities				
Trade Payables	156,790	-	-	156,790
Distribution Payables	399,724	-	-	399,724
Variable Rate Debt Instruments	607,140	29,151,522	-	29,758,662
	1,163,654	29,151,522	-	30,315,176

The following table details the Trust's expected maturity for its financial assets and remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities as at 30 June 2019.

	Less than 1	1 to 5 years	More than 5	Total
	year	_	years	_
2019	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial Assets				
Cash & Cash Equivalents	3,481,696	-	-	3,481,696
Receivables	177,365	-	-	177,365
	3,659,061	-	-	3,659,061
Financial Liabilities				
Trade Payables	132,600	-	-	132,600
Distribution Payables	318,164	-	-	318,164
Variable Rate Debt Instruments	553,249	2,214,514	17,719,892	20,487,655
	1,004,013	2,214,514	17,719,892	20,938,419

(c) Credit Risk Management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Trust. The Trust has adopted the policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties and obtaining sufficient collateral where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. The Trust measures credit risk on a fair value basis.

Trade receivables consist of a number of tenants, spread across different industries and geographical areas. Ongoing credit evaluation is performed on the financial condition of accounts receivable.

The trust considers the credit worthiness of financial institutions in determining where to manage its funds. Credit risk is determined to be low due to making deposits at AAA rated financial institutions.

NOTE 21: Subsequent Events

The directors of the responsible entity are not aware of any significant events since the end of the reporting period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 22: Key Management Personnel Disclosures

AASB 124 "Related Party Disclosures" defines Key Management Personnel ('KMP') as including all Directors and any other persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity. The Trust has no direct employees, however the Directors of the Responsible Entity have been deemed to be Directors of the Trust. These individuals comprise the Key Management Personnel of the Trust.

Remuneration paid to the Responsible Entity is detailed in Note 6. No Director of the Responsible Entity was paid any remuneration by the Trust during the year (2019: Nil) and their compensation paid by the Responsible Entity or related entities of the Responsible Entity is not related to services they render to individual Trusts.

NOTE 23: Additional Trust Information

GDA Diversified Property Trust is an unlisted property trust, incorporated and operating in Australia.

Principal place of Business and Registered Office Level 2, 94 Liverpool Street Hobart TAS 7000

Tel: (03) 6234 4413

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

In the opinion of the Directors of the Responsible Entity, at the date of this Declaration:

- a) There are reasonable grounds to believe that the Trust will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable:
- b) The attached financial statements and notes thereto are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including compliance with accounting standards and giving a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Trust; and
- . The attached financial statements are in compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards, as stated in Note 1 to the financial statements.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors of the Responsible Entity made pursuant to s.295(5) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the Directors of the Responsible Entity, GDA Securities Ltd.

Giovanni M. Di Monda

Director

Dated this 11th day of September 2020



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the directors of GDA Securities Limited as responsible entity for members of GDA Diversified Property Trust

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of GDA Diversified Property Trust (the Trust), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2020, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial report, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion the accompanying financial report of GDA Diversified Property Trust, is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

- (i) Giving a true and fair view of the Trust's financial position as at 30 June 2020 and of its financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- (ii) Complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report section of our report. We are independent of the Trust in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the Corporations Act 2001, which has been given to the directors of the Trust, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this auditor's report is information included in the annual report, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Trust are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Trust or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website (http://www.auasb.gov.au/Home.aspx) at:

http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar4.pdf

This description forms part of our auditor's report.

BDO Audit (TAS)

DAVID E PALMER

Partner

Hobart, August 2020